

(ii) Any subsidy that will be available for such payments.

(2) The applicant can pay any amounts required for closing, such as a downpayment (if any) and closing costs chargeable to the purchaser, in accordance with the homeownership plan.

(f) *Option to restrict eligibility.* A homeownership plan may, at the PHA's discretion, restrict eligibility to one or more residency-based categories (*e.g.*, for occupied units, eligibility may be restricted to the existing residents of the units to be sold; for vacant units, eligibility may be restricted to public housing residents only, or to public housing residents plus any one or more of the other residency-based categories that may be established under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section), as may be reasonable in view of the number of units to be offered for sale and the estimated number of eligible applicants in various categories, provided that the residency-based preference requirements mandated by paragraph (g) of this section are observed.

(g) *Residency-based preferences.* For occupied units, a preference shall be given to the existing residents of each of the dwellings to be sold. For vacant units (including units which are voluntarily vacated), a preference shall be given to residents of other public housing units owned or leased by the seller PHA (over any other residency-based categories that may be established by the homeownership plan for Section 8 residents and any categories of non-resident applicants).

(h) *Self sufficiency preference.* For vacant units, a further preference shall be given to those applicants who have completed self-sufficiency and job training programs, as identified in the homeownership plan, or who meet equivalent standards of economic self-sufficiency, such as actual employment experience, as specified in the homeownership plan.

(i) *Other eligibility or preference standards.* If consistent with the other provisions of this section, a homeownership plan may include any other standards for eligibility or preference, or both, at the discretion of the PHA, that are not contrary to law.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2577-0201)

#### § 906.9 Counseling, training, and technical assistance.

Appropriate counseling shall be provided to prospective and actual purchasers, as necessary for each stage of implementation of the homeownership plan. Particular attention must be given to the terms of purchase and financing, along with the other financial and maintenance responsibilities of homeownership. In addition, where applicable, appropriate training and technical assistance shall be provided to any entity (such as an RMC, other resident organization, or a cooperative or condominium entity) that has responsibilities for carrying out the plan.

#### § 906.10 Nonpurchasing residents.

(a) *Nonpurchasing resident's options.* If an existing resident of a dwelling authorized for sale under a homeownership plan is ineligible for purchase, or declines to purchase, the resident shall be given the choice of either relocation to other suitable and affordable housing or continued occupancy of the present dwelling on a rental basis, at a rent no higher than that permitted by the Act. Displacement (permanent, involuntary move) in order to make a dwelling available for sale, is prohibited. In addition to applicable program sanctions, a violation of the displacement prohibition may trigger a requirement to provide relocation assistance in accordance with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Act of 1970 and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24. Where continued rental occupancy by a nonpurchasing resident is contemplated after conversion of the property to cooperative or condominium ownership, the homeownership plan must include provision for any rental subsidy required (*e.g.*, Section 8 assistance, if available and authorized by the Section 8 regulations). As soon as feasible after they can be identified, all nonpurchasing residents shall be given written notice of their options under this section.

(b) *Relocation assistance.* A nonpurchasing resident who chooses to relocate pursuant to this section shall be offered the following relocation assistance:

(1) Advisory services to assure full choices and real opportunities to obtain relocation within a full range of neighborhoods where suitable housing may be found, in and outside areas of minority concentration, including timely information, counseling, explanation of the resident's rights under the Fair Housing Act, and referrals to suitable, safe, sanitary and affordable housing (at a rent no higher than permitted by the Act), which is of the resident's choice, on a nondiscriminatory basis, without regard to race, color, religion (creed), national origin, handicap, age, sex, or familial status, in compliance with applicable Federal and State law. This requirement will be met if the resident is offered the opportunity to relocate to other suitable housing under the Public Housing Program, any of the housing assistance programs under Section 8 of the Act, or any other Federal, State or local program that is comparable, as to standards of housing quality, admission and rent, to the programs under the Act, and provides a term of assistance of at least five years; and

(2) Payment for actual, reasonable moving and related expenses.

(c) *Temporary relocation.* A nonpurchasing resident who must relocate temporarily to permit work to be carried out shall be provided suitable, decent, safe and sanitary housing for the temporary period and reimbursed for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the temporary relocation, including the cost of moving to and from the temporarily occupied housing and any increase in monthly rent and utility costs.

**§ 906.11 Nonroutine maintenance reserve.**

(a) *When reserve is required.* A nonroutine maintenance reserve shall be established for all multifamily properties sold under a homeownership plan. For single-family dwellings, such a reserve shall not be required if the availability of the funds needed for nonroutine maintenance is adequately addressed under the affordability standard prescribed by the plan.

(b) *Purpose of reserve.* The purpose of this reserve shall be to provide a source of reserve funds for nonroutine maintenance

(including replacement), as necessary to ensure the long-term success of the plan, including protection of the interests of the homeowners and the PHA. The amounts to be set aside, and other terms of this reserve, shall be as necessary and appropriate for the particular homeownership plan, taking into account such factors as prospective needs for nonroutine maintenance, the homeowners' financial resources, and any special factors that may aggravate or mitigate the need for such a reserve.

**§ 906.12 Purchase prices and financing.**

(a) *Below-market terms.* To ensure affordability by eligible purchasers, by the standard adopted under § 906.8(e), a homeownership plan may provide for below-market purchase prices or below-market financing, or a combination of the two. Discounted purchase prices may be determined on a unit-by-unit basis, based on the particular purchaser's ability to pay, or may be determined by any other fair and reasonable method (e.g., uniform prices for a group of comparable dwellings, within a range of affordability by a group of potential purchasers).

(b) *Types of financing.* Any type of private or public financing may be used (e.g., conventional, Federal Housing Administration (FHA), Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), Farmers' Home Administration (FmHA), or a State or local program). A PHA may finance or assist in financing purchase by any methods it may choose, such as purchase-money mortgages, guarantees of mortgage loans from other lenders, shared equity, or lease-purchase arrangements.

**§ 906.13 Protection against fraud and abuse.**

A homeownership plan shall include appropriate protections against any risks of fraud or abuse that are presented by the particular plan, such as collusive purchase for the benefit of nonresidents, extended use of the dwelling by the purchaser as rental property, or collusive sale that would circumvent the resale profit limitation of § 906.14.